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ACTS

AND

JOINT RESOLUTIONS

PASSED BY

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

OF THE

STATE OF VIRGINIA

DURING THE

SESSION OF 1877-78.

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RICHMOND:
R. F. WALKER, SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC PRINTING.

1878.

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Justices, and persons acting under their orders, guiltless, if a person be killed, &c.; if either of them killed, all engaged in the assembly quilty.

5. If, by any means taken under authority of this chapter Persons acting to disperse any such assembly, or arrest and secure those under authority killing of engaged in it, any person present, as spectator or otherwise, another one be killed or wounded, any judge or justice exercising such or spectator, authority, and every one acting under his order, shall be held guiltless authority, and every one acting under the order, small so held guiltless; and if the judge or justice, or any person if persons enacting under the order of either of them, be killed or grading a rlot wounded in taking such means, or by the rioters, all persons be killed. &c., engaged in such assembly shall be deemed guilty of such guilty of killing, &c.

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Punishment of rioter, when dwelling house injured, and when not.

6. If any rioter pull down or destroy, in whole or in part, where dwellany dwelling-house, or assist therein, he shall be confined in ing-house is de-the penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years; whole or part and though no such house be so injured, every rioter, and where house is every person unlawfully or tumultuously assembled, shall be not injured confined in jail not more than one year, and fined not ex- Penalty ceeding one hundred dollars.

Carrying concealed weapons.

7. If a person habitually carry about his person, hid from Habitual carrycommon observation, any pistol, dirk, bowie-knife, or any ling of con-cealed weapons weapon of the like kind, he shall be fined not more than Penalty fifty dollars.

CHAPTER VII.

OF OFFENCES AGAINST MORALITY AND DECENCY-PROTECTION OF RELIGIOUS MEETINGS.

Persons marrying when former husband or wife is living; proviso.

1. Any person who, being married, shall, during the life of Marrying when the former husband or wife, marry another person in this former husband or wife is state, or, if the marriage with such other person take place living out of the state, shall thereafter cohabit with such other person in this state, shall be confined in the penitentiary not Penalty less than three, nor more than eight years.

2. The preceding section shall not extend to a person Proviso whose former husband or wife shall have been continually absent from such person for seven years next before marriage of such person to another, and shall not have been known by such person to be living within that time; nor to a person who shall, at the time of the subsequent marriage,

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have been divorced from the bond of the former marriage, or whose former marriage shall at that time have been declared void by the sentence of a court of competent jurisdiction.

Marriage within prohibited degrees punished.

Marriage in vic-

Penalty Residents of state, within prohibited degrees, or white person or negro, going out of state to be married, and afterwards returning

Penalty Cohabitation evidence of marriago

3. If any person marry in violation of the ninth or tenth. lation of \$50, 10, section of chapter one hundred and four of the Code of eighteen hundred and seventy-three, he shall be confined in jail not more than six months, or fined not exceeding five hundred dollars, at the discretion of the jury. And if any person, resident in this state, and within the degrees of relationship mentioned in those sections, or any white person and negro, shall go out of this state for the purpose of being married, and with the intention of returning, and be married out of it, and afterwards return to and reside in it, cohabiting as man and wife, they shall be as guilty, and be punished as if the marriage had been in this state. of their cohabitation here as man and wife shall be evidence of their marriage.

Issuing license or celebrating marriage contrary to law.

Issuing mar-riago license contrary to law Penalty

Performing marriage core-mony without Penalty

4. If any clerk of a court knowingly issue a marriage license contrary to law, he shall be confined in jail not more than one year, and fined not exceeding five hundred dollars.

5. If any person knowingly perform the ceremony of marriage without lawful license, or affiliate in celebrating the illeense, or with rites of marriage without being authorized by law to do so, out authority has hall be confined in init not move then are year and fined he shall be confined in jail not more than one year, and fined not exceeding five hundred dollars.

Adultery and lewdness.

Adultory and fornication Penalty Lewdness

6. If a person commit adultery or fornication, he shall be fined not less than twenty dollars.

7. If any persons, not married to each other, lewdly and lasciviously associate and cohabit together, or, whether married or not, be guilty of open and gross lewdness and lasciviousness, they shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars; and upon a repetition of the offence, and conviction thereof, they shall also be imprisoned in the county or corporation jail, at the discretion of the court or justice, for not less than six nor more than twelve months.

Penalty

Penalty for second offence

White person marryiny a negro, or celebrating such marriage.

Marriage of a white person with a negro Penalty

8. Any white person who shall intermarry with a negro, or any negro who shall intermarry with a white person, shall be confined in the penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years.

9. Any person who shall perform the ceremony of mar- Penalty for per-

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riage between a white person and a negro, shall forfeit two forming marhundred dollars, of which the informer shall have one-half.

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Keeping house of ill-fame; obscene books, prints, &c.

10. If a person keep a house of ill-fame, resorted to for keeping house the purpose of prostitution or lewdness, he shall be confined of ill-fame in jail not more than one year, and fined not exceeding two Penalty hundred dollars; and in a prosecution for this offence, the General charnoter of house general character of such house may be proved.

may be proved

11. If a person import, print, publish, sell or distribute, Obscene books, any book or other thing containing obscene language, or to any print, picture, figure or description, manifestly tending to corrupt the morals of youth; or introduce into any family or place of education, or buy, or have in his possession any such thing for the purpose of sale, exhibition or circulation, or with intent to introduce it into any family or place of education, he shall be confined in jail not more than one Penalty year, and fined not exceeding two hundred dollars.

Crime against nature.

12. If any person shall commit the crime of buggery, Buggery either with mankind or with any brute animal, he shall be confined in the penitentiary not less than two nor more than renalty five years.

Violation of sepulture; injuries to burial-grounds.

13. If a person, unlawfully, disinter or displace a dead violation of human body, or any part of a dead human body, which shall sepulture have been deposited in any vault or other burial place, he shall be confined in jail not more than one year, and fined Penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars.

14. Every person who shall willfully and maliciously de- willful and mastroy, mutilate, deface, injure, or remove any tomb, mon 1- licious injury ment, grave-stone, or other structure placed within any in a cometery, cometery, grave-yard, or place of burial, or within any lot belonging to any memorial or monumental association, or any fences, railing, or other works for the protection or ornament of any tomb, monument, grave-stone, or other structure aforesaid; or of any cometery lot within any cometery; or shall willfully or maliciously destroy, remove, cut, break, or injure any tree, shrub, or plant within any cometery or lot of any memorial or monumental association; or who shall willfully or maliciously destroy, mutilate, injure, or remove and carry away any flowers, wreaths, vases, or other ornaments placed upon or around any grave, tomb, monument, or lot in any cemetery, grave-yard, or other place of burial; or who shall willfully obstruct proper ingress and egress to Obstruction of and from any cometery or lot belonging to any memorial way to cometeassociation, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be pun-

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Penalty

ished by a fine not exceeding one lundred dollars, or by imprisonment in jail not exceeding six months.

Cruelty to animals; profanity and drunkenness.

Cruelty to ani-

mals Penalty

Profanity and drunkenness

Penalty

15. If a person cruelly beat or torture any horse, animal or other beast, whether his own or that of another, he shall be fined not exceeding fifty dollars.

16. If any person, arrived at the age of discretion, profanely curse or swear, or get drunk, he shall be fined by a justice one dollar for each offence.

Violation of the Sabbath.

Violation of Sabbath

Penalty

17. If a person, on a Sabbath day, be found laboring at any trade or calling, or employ his apprentices or servants in labor or other business, except in household or other work of necessity or charity, he shall forfeit two dollars for each offence; every day any servant or apprentice is so employed constituting a distinct offence.

Exceptions as to the mail, and as to certain persons.

Transportation of mail excepted Exception as to certain religionists

Proviso

Sale of intoxi-

cating liquors prohibited between certain

Penalty

Proviso

Disturbance of religious worship

Penalty

18. No forfeiture shall be incurred under the preceding section for the transportation on Sunday of the mail, or of passengers and their baggage. And the said forfeiture shall not be incurred by any person who conscientiously believes that the seventh day of the week ought to be observed as a Sabbath, and actually refrains from all secular business and labor on that day: provided he does not compel an apprentice or servant, not of his belief, to do secular work or business on Sunday, and does not on that day disturb any other person.

19. No bar-room, saloon, or other place for the sale of intoxicating liquors, shall be opened, and no intoxicating bitters or other drink shall be sold in any bar-room, restaurant, saloon, store, or other place, from twelve o'clock on each and every Saturday night of the week, until sunrise of the succeeding Monday morning; and any person violating the provisions of this section, shall be deemed guilty of a misden anor, and, if convicted, shall be punished by fine not less than ten nor more than five hundred dollars; and shall, moreover, at the discretion of the court, forfeit his license: provided that this law shall not apply to any city having police regulations on this subject, and an ordinance inflicting a penalty equal to the penalty inflicted by this section.

20. If a person willfully interrupt or disturb any assembly met for the worship of God, or being intoxicated, if he disturb the same, whether willfully or not, he shall be confined. in jail not more than six months, and fined not exceeding one hundred dollars, and a justice may put him under restraint during religious worship, and bind him for not more than one year to be of good behavior.

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21. If any person carrying any gun, pistol, bowie-knife, carrying dandagger, or other dangerous weapon, to any place of worship ons at a place while a meeting for religious purposes is being held at such of worship or place, or without good and sufficient cause therefor, shall carry any such weapon on Sunday at any place other than his own premises, shall be fined not less than twenty dollars. Penalty If any offence under this section be committed at a place of offenders subreligious worship, the offender may be arrested on the order ject to arrest of a conservator of the peace, without warrant, and hold rant until warrant can be obtained, but not exceeding three hours. It shall be the duty of justices of the peace, upon their own Duty of justice knowledge, or upon the affidavit of any person, that an offence where he of ofunder this section has been committed, to issue a warrant for force under this section the arrest of the offender.

Protection of religious assemblies; prohibition against sale of liquors or other things near such meetings; proviso.

22. If any person shall erect, place, or have any booth, sale of liguers, stall, tent, carriage, boat, vessel, vehicle, or other contrivance &c., prohibited whatever, for the purpose or use of selling, giving, or otherwise disposing of any kind of spirituous and fermented liquors, or any other articles of traffic; or shall sell, give, barter, or otherwise dispose of any spirituous or fermented liquors, or any other articles of traffic within three miles of any camp-meeting, or other place of religious worship, during the time of holding any meeting for religious worship at such place, such person, on conviction before a justice of the peace, for the first offence, shall be fined not less than ten Penalty dollars, nor more than twenty dollars, and stand committed to jail until the fine and costs are paid; and for the second Penalty for seoffence, shall be fined as aforesaid, and be imprisoned not cond offence less than ten nor more than thirty days.

23. If any person shall commit any offence against the Additional provisions of the preceding section, he shall, in addition to penalty the penalties therein mentioned, forfeit all such spirituous or fermented liquors, and other articles of traffic, and all the chests and other things containing the same, belonging to and in the possession of the person so offending, together with such booth, stall, tent, carriage, boat, vessel, vehicle, or other contrivance or thing prepared and used in violation of said section; and it shall be the duty of any sheriff, deputy sheriff, Duty of sheriff, Du or constable, if he sees any person violating the preceding iffs, &c. to arsection, to arrest the offender and carry him before a justice and selze the of the peace. The sheriff, deputy sheriff, or constable, when property he arrests the offender, shall seize the property hereby declared to be forfeited, or shall seize the same on a warrant against the offender, if such offender cannot be found; and the justice of the peace before whom such offender is convicted, or before whom the warrant is returned that the offender cannot be found, shall enter judgment of condemna- Judgment of tion against such property, and issue a fieri facias for the condomnation

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sale thereof: provided the person who has been returned not found, and whose property has been condemned in his absence, may appear at any time before the sale of the property and have the case tried as if he had appeared at the return of the warrant.

To whom provisions not to apply

24. The provisions of the two preceding sections shall not apply to any licensed tavern-keeper, merchant, shop-keeper, farmer, or other person in the usual and lawful transaction of his ordinary business, in the usual place of transacting such business, or to any person having permission, in writing from the superintendent of such meeting, to sell such articles as may be named in such permission: provided this permission shall not extend to the sale of any spirituous or fermented liquors.

Proviso

Right of appeal.

Right of appeal preserved

Proviso

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25. Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the courts of record from exercising their common law or statutory jurisdiction in all cases for disturbing public worship: provided that the party convicted under the twenty-second or twenty-third sections of this chapter shall have the right to appeal to the next county court for the county where the conviction is had, upon giving bail for his appearance at court, and upon such appeal shall be entitled to a trial by jury: and provided further, that when any person or persons are proceeded against under the twenty-second or twenty-third sections of this chapter, he or they shall not be held to answer for the same offence before any grand jury or court of record, except as herein provided.

Persons proceeded against not subject to answer before grand jury

Temporary police force for religious meetings.

Temporary police authorized

26. The supervisor, or any justice of the magisterial district where the meeting is held, shall have power to appoint a temporary police to enforce the provisions of this chapter.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF OFFENCES AGAINST PUBLIC HEALTH.

Selling unsound provisions.

Sale of unsound provisions

1. If a person knowingly sell any diseased, corrupted, or unwholesome provisions, whether meat or drink, without making the same known to the buyer, he shall be confined in jail not more than six months, and fined not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Penalty